



# The Labor Market Report

**The Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development**

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Governor

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Commissioner

March 2007 Data

## Special Points of Interest:

- Annual Average Labor force Information for Metro and Micro Areas
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1977 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary
- State Unemployment Insurance Activities

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## 2004 to 2006 Annual Average Labor Force Information for Metro and Micro Areas

The Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) annual averages have been updated and revised to account for data changes for the Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and the Micropolitan Statistical Areas. This issue of the LMR will provide the annual average labor force data for the state, the MSAs, and the micropolitan areas. (See the table on Page 2.) The annual averages for individual counties are not included in this month's LMR.

The statewide unemployment rate in 2006 was 5.2 percent, down 0.4 percent from the previous year. From 2004 until 2005, the Tennessee rate increased from 5.5 percent to 5.6 percent. The United States' unemployment rate went from 5.1 percent in 2005 to 4.6 percent in 2006. In both of these years, the Tennessee unemployment rate has been greater than the national rate.

In each of the past two

years, the total employment increased in each of the MSAs from the previous year.

From 2004 to 2005, the unemployment rate increased or remained the same in every MSA except two: Johnson City and Kingsport. The unemployment rate decreased in every MSA from 2005 to 2006.

Last year, the metropolitan areas with the lowest unemployment rates were Knoxville (4.1 percent) and Nashville (4.2 percent). The Knoxville MSA had the lowest unemployment rate for three consecutive years. The Memphis and Morristown MSAs both had the highest rate in 2006 at 5.7 percent. The Memphis MSA had the highest rate in the previous two years. That unemployment rate was 6.1 percent in 2005 and 6 percent in 2004.

### Micropolitan Areas

The micropolitan areas are new designations based on the 2000 Census that have at least one urban cluster of greater

than 10,000 but less than 50,000 population, plus adjacent counties with a high degree of social and economic integration.

Of the 20 new micropolitan areas, only three include multiple counties. They are: Cookeville (Jackson, Overton, and Putnam counties), Tullahoma (Coffee, Franklin, and Moore counties), and Union City (Obion County, TN, and Fulton County, KY).

These smaller communities, however, only account for 16.3 percent of the total persons employed in 2006. This is 457,300 people, slightly fewer than the total employment for Knoxville and Kingsport combined. The unemployment rate for these smaller areas is 6.4 percent, greater than the statewide average of 5.2 percent. This follows national trends of rural areas having greater unemployment rates.

During the past year, the total employment increased or remained the same in every micropolitan

*(Continued on Page 2)*

## Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Annual Averages for Tennessee and the Metropolitan and Micropolitan Areas, 2004 to 2006

(In Thousands)	2006				2005				2004			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
<b>TENNESSEE</b>	<b>2,990.2</b>	<b>2,835.5</b>	<b>154.6</b>	<b>5.2 %</b>	<b>2,920.4</b>	<b>2,758.2</b>	<b>162.2</b>	<b>5.6 %</b>	<b>2,891.5</b>	<b>2,733.8</b>	<b>157.7</b>	<b>5.5 %</b>
<b>Metropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Chattanooga	259.1	247.7	11.4	4.4 %	252.7	240.8	12.0	4.7 %	249.6	238.4	11.2	4.5 %
Clarksville	107.4	101.5	5.9	5.5	104.3	98.4	6.0	5.7	102.8	97.4	5.4	5.3
Cleveland	55.1	52.3	2.8	5.1	53.8	50.9	2.9	5.3	53.2	50.5	2.8	5.2
Jackson	55.2	52.2	3.0	5.4	54.2	51.2	3.1	5.6	53.6	50.6	3.0	5.6
Johnson City	96.7	92.1	4.7	4.8	95.1	90.1	5.0	5.3	94.5	89.3	5.2	5.5
Kingsport	144.0	137.2	6.8	4.7	141.1	133.7	7.4	5.2	140.6	132.8	7.8	5.6
Knoxville	348.2	333.9	14.3	4.1	339.4	324.3	15.1	4.4	335.9	321.8	14.1	4.2
Memphis	610.4	575.8	34.6	5.7	600.5	563.6	36.9	6.1	592.3	557.1	35.2	6.0
Morristown	64.9	61.2	3.7	5.7	63.3	59.6	3.7	5.9	62.4	58.8	3.7	5.9
Nashville	770.4	738.1	32.3	4.2	748.3	714.6	33.7	4.5	732.0	699.0	33.0	4.5
<b>Micropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Athens	24.8	23.4	1.4	5.6 %	23.9	22.4	1.5	6.1 %	23.6	22.1	1.6	6.6 %
Brownsville	9.6	8.9	0.7	7.7	9.2	8.4	0.8	8.3	9.4	8.6	0.8	8.6
Columbia	36.4	34.5	2.0	5.4	35.8	33.7	2.2	6.0	36.0	34.0	2.0	5.5
Cookeville	50.0	47.0	3.0	6.0	48.8	46.1	2.7	5.6	48.9	46.4	2.5	5.1
Crossville	22.8	21.4	1.4	6.2	22.4	20.9	1.5	6.6	21.8	20.4	1.4	6.4
Dyersburg	17.5	16.5	1.0	5.8	17.3	16.3	1.1	6.1	17.7	16.6	1.1	6.0
Greeneville	32.8	30.3	2.6	7.8	32.1	29.4	2.8	8.6	32.2	29.7	2.5	7.8
Harriman	26.6	25.2	1.4	5.4	25.7	24.2	1.5	5.8	25.1	23.6	1.5	5.8
Humboldt	21.1	19.5	1.6	7.7	20.8	19.0	1.8	8.5	21.5	19.7	1.8	8.2
LaFollette	16.7	15.7	1.0	6.1	16.8	15.8	1.0	5.9	16.8	15.8	1.0	6.0
Lawrenceburg	16.9	15.0	1.9	11.3	17.4	15.6	1.8	10.1	18.0	16.4	1.6	8.8
Lewisburg	12.6	11.8	0.8	6.3	12.4	11.6	0.8	6.5	12.7	11.8	0.9	7.1
Martin	15.7	14.7	1.1	6.8	15.4	14.3	1.1	7.0	15.6	14.5	1.2	7.5
McMinnville	18.0	16.4	1.6	9.0	18.4	17.0	1.5	7.9	19.2	18.2	1.0	5.3
Newport	16.2	15.0	1.2	7.3	15.8	14.6	1.2	7.7	15.5	14.2	1.3	8.1
Paris	14.1	13.1	1.0	7.2	14.1	13.0	1.1	7.5	14.3	13.1	1.2	8.1
Sevierville	47.0	44.5	2.5	5.4	45.2	42.5	2.7	6.0	43.9	41.2	2.8	6.3
Shelbyville	22.1	21.0	1.1	5.2	21.5	20.4	1.2	5.4	21.0	19.8	1.1	5.4
Tullahoma	48.7	46.0	2.7	5.5	48.4	45.7	2.6	5.5	48.5	46.1	2.4	5.0
Union City	18.5	17.4	1.1	5.9	18.3	17.2	1.1	6.3	18.7	17.4	1.3	6.9

(Continued from Page 1)  
 tan area except for LaFollette, Lawrenceburg, and McMinnville. Cookeville, Lawrenceburg, and McMinnville had successive increases in their unemployment rates in each of the last two years.

From 2004 to 2005, the unemployment rate increased in half of the micropolitan communities. From 2005 to 2006, the unemployment

rate decreased in 15 of the 20 micropolitan communities.

For the past two years, the micropolitan area with the lowest unemployment rate was Shelbyville. In 2006, the unemployment rate in Shelbyville was 5.2 percent. That rate was 5.4 percent in the previous year. In 2004, the micropolitan area with the lowest unemployment rate was Tullahoma at 5 percent. During

the past three years, Lawrenceburg had the highest unemployment rate. In 2004, it was 8.8 percent. It increased in each succeeding year. In 2005, the unemployment rate was 10.1 percent. In 2006, that rate was 11.3 percent. It is the only micropolitan area with double-digit unemployment rates.

# Statewide

## HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

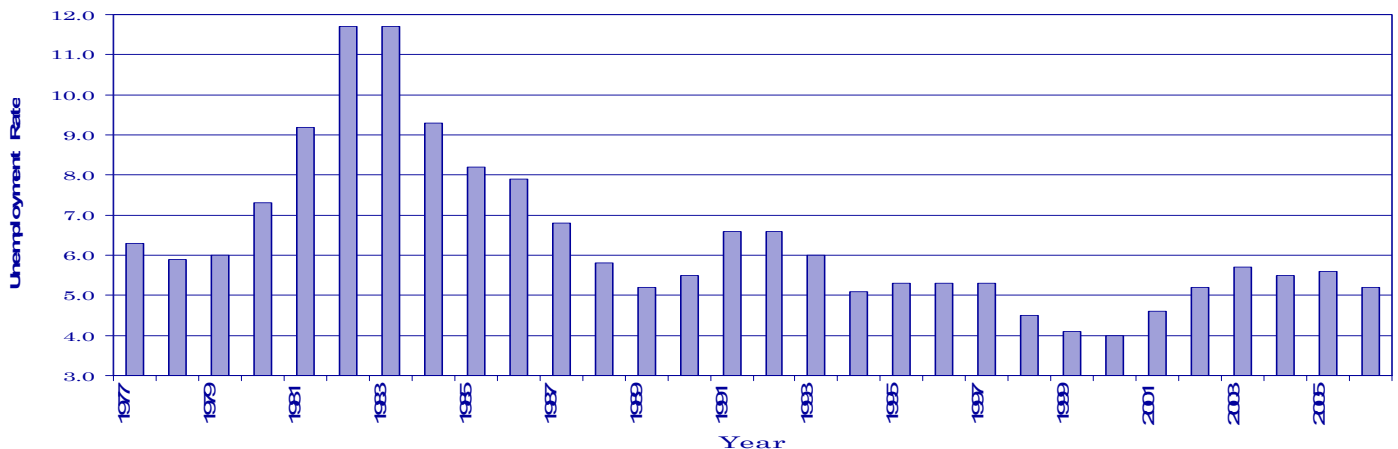
MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Civilian Labor Force								
Year and Month	Total	Employed					Unemployed	
		Employ- ment	Nonfarm Employment			Number	Rate (%)	
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade			**Services
1977	1,939.0	1,816.7	1,648.1	507.5	357.2	254.5	122.3	6.3
1978	1,983.7	1,866.2	1,737.0	526.0	379.1	270.7	117.5	5.9
1979	2,040.5	1,918.5	1,777.3	524.7	388.7	285.4	122.0	6.0
1980	2,071.6	1,920.1	1,746.6	502.1	379.7	291.0	151.5	7.3
1981	2,123.1	1,927.6	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	195.5	9.2
1982	2,141.2	1,891.5	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	249.7	11.7
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,859.7	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	131.2	4.6
2002	2,883.4	2,733.7	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	149.7	5.2
2003	2,892.0	2,727.5	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.5	5.7
2004	2,897.0	2,739.0	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.1	5.5
2005	2,909.6	2,747.6	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	161.9	5.6
2006	2,990.2	2,835.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	154.6	5.2
2007								
January	3,002.4	2,841.9	2,754.7	393.7	457.9	1,015.7	160.5	5.3

## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY\*

County	Mar 2006	Mar 2007	County	Mar 2006	Mar 2007
Anderson	5.0	4.4	Lauderdale	7.8	6.7
Bedford	5.1	4.3	Lawrence	13.3	8.5
Benton	7.4	6.5	Lewis	8.0	7.0
Bledsoe	7.3	6.3	Lincoln	4.5	4.0
Blount	5.0	4.4	Loudon	4.7	4.3
Bradley	5.6	4.8	Macon	8.0	6.5
Campbell	6.7	6.1	Madison	5.7	5.4
Cannon	5.5	5.3	Marion	5.8	5.8
Carroll	6.8	6.9	Marshall	7.3	5.5
Carter	5.6	5.3	Maury	6.1	5.1
Cheatham	4.2	3.9	McMinn	5.9	5.5
Chester	5.2	5.3	McNairy	5.9	5.9
Claiborne	5.5	5.4	Meigs	7.9	7.0
Clay	13.6	8.7	Monroe	5.8	6.1
Coke	8.9	8.0	Montgomery	4.9	4.8
Coffee	5.5	5.1	More	5.0	4.6
Crockett	8.0	7.1	Morgan	6.9	6.6
Cumberland	6.8	6.4	Obion	5.9	5.8
Davidson	4.4	3.9	Overton	6.7	7.1
Decatur	7.4	6.4	Perry	6.2	7.5
DeKalb	5.9	4.9	Pickett	8.3	10.3
Dickson	4.9	4.3	Polk	6.3	5.0
Dyer	6.4	5.5	Putnam	5.5	4.5
Fayette	5.3	5.6	Rhea	6.8	6.8
Fentress	6.4	6.5	Roane	5.8	5.0
Franklin	6.1	5.2	Robertson	4.7	4.4
Gibson	8.5	7.6	Rutherford	4.2	3.9
Giles	7.6	6.4	Scott	6.1	8.5
Grainger	5.9	6.0	Sequatchie	4.7	7.2
Greene	9.3	7.7	Sevier	7.6	7.3
Grundy	9.1	7.0	Shelby	6.1	5.6
Hamblen	6.2	4.7	Smith	7.0	5.4
Hamilton	4.6	4.0	Stewart	7.9	6.8
Hancock	7.6	6.4	Sullivan	4.8	4.3
Hardenman	7.1	6.4	Sumner	4.3	4.3
Hardin	6.5	5.9	Tipton	5.6	5.7

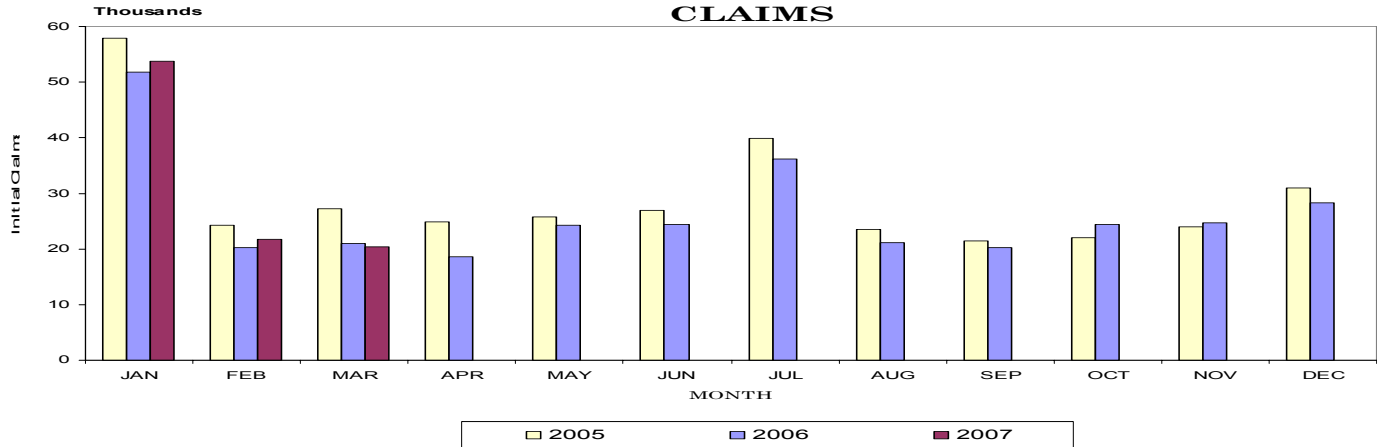
Unemployment Rates 1977-2006



# Statewide

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

### MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



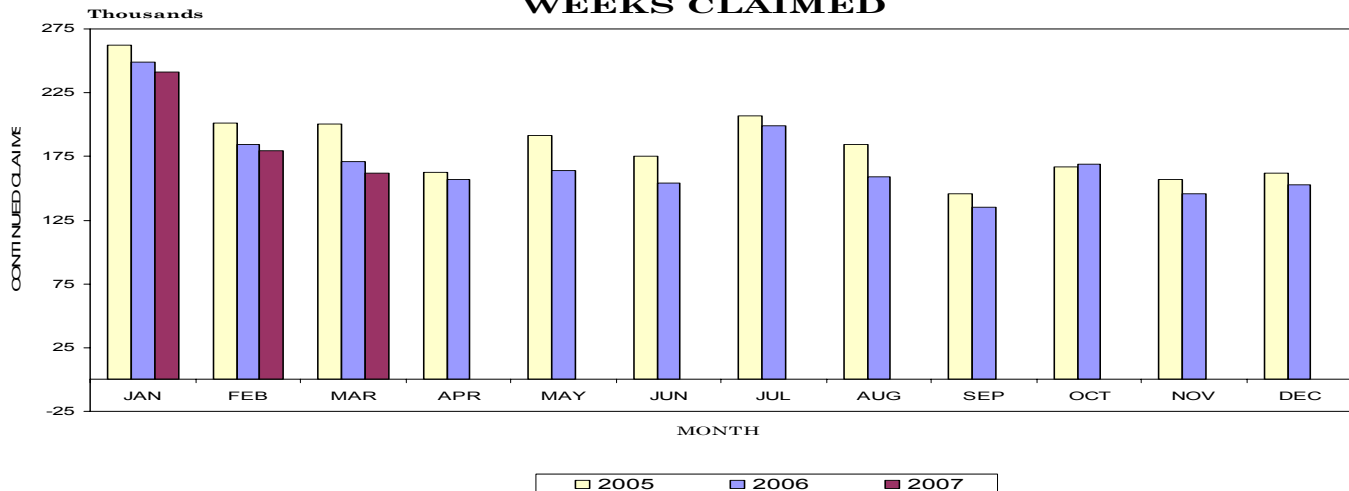
## BENEFIT PROGRAMS

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007
Initial Claims	20,959	21,664	20,330	Benefits Paid	\$362,251	\$373,017	\$298,658
Continued Weeks Claimed	170,965	179,552	162,040	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,335	1,283	1,029
Nonmonetary Determinations	6,771	5,659	6,619	Initial Claims	86	79	86
Appeals Decisions	1,791	1,305	1,580	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,286	1,256	1,055
Lower Authority	1,557	1,060	1,408	Appeals Decisions	13	6	11
Higher Authority	234	245	172				
BENEFITS				FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Amount Paid	\$33,514,961	\$37,809,964	\$31,942,418	Benefits Paid	\$791,031	\$417,536	\$401,993
Benefit Weeks Paid	178,520	178,530	160,801	Benefit Weeks Claimed	2,892	1,396	1,447
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$213	\$216	\$217	Initial Claims	160	134	146
First Payments	9,292	12,261	8,841	Continued Weeks Claimed	2,731	1,471	1,418
Final Payments	4,428	3,605	3,722	Appeals Decisions	3	7	11
Average Weeks Duration	14	14	13				
Trust Fund Balance*	\$555,447,516	\$578,242,853	\$555,637,051				

\*Trust Fund includes a one-time deposit in March 2002 of \$162 million of Reed Act funds.

## CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED

### MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



# Statewide

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2006	Revised February 2007	Preliminary March 2007	Net Change Mar. 2006 Mar. 2007	Feb. 2007 Mar. 2007
Total Nonfarm	2,765.3	2,761.6	<b>2,792.0</b>	26.7	30.4
Total Private	2,345.0	2,343.7	<b>2,371.3</b>	26.3	27.6
Goods-Producing	535.0	527.3	<b>533.3</b>	-1.7	6.0
Natural Resources & Mining	4.0	4.0	<b>4.0</b>	0.0	0.0
Construction	127.6	131.2	<b>135.8</b>	8.2	4.6
Manufacturing	403.4	392.1	<b>393.5</b>	-9.9	1.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	253.1	248.4	<b>248.9</b>	-4.2	0.5
Wood Product Manufacturing	17.9	17.9	<b>18.0</b>	0.1	0.1
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	16.1	16.5	<b>16.6</b>	0.5	0.1
Primary Metal Manufacturing	11.8	11.4	<b>11.4</b>	-0.4	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	43.9	44.8	<b>45.0</b>	1.1	0.2
Machinery Manufacturing	34.2	32.7	<b>32.9</b>	-1.3	0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	9.5	8.6	<b>8.6</b>	-0.9	0.0
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Mfg.	23.2	23.5	<b>23.3</b>	0.1	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	63.0	61.9	<b>61.6</b>	-1.4	-0.3
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	37.0	35.7	<b>35.6</b>	-1.4	-0.1
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	18.4	16.7	<b>16.9</b>	-1.5	0.2
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	15.1	14.4	<b>14.6</b>	-0.5	0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	150.3	143.7	<b>144.6</b>	-5.7	0.9
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	16.6	15.0	<b>14.9</b>	-1.7	-0.1
Food Manufacturing	34.6	33.6	<b>33.5</b>	-1.1	-0.1
Animal Slaughtering & Processing	12.0	11.9	<b>11.9</b>	-0.1	0.0
Bakeries & Tortilla Manufacturing	7.6	7.2	<b>7.2</b>	-0.4	0.0
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.2	4.8	<b>4.8</b>	-0.4	0.0
Paper Manufacturing	18.2	18.0	<b>17.9</b>	-0.3	-0.1
Printing & Related Support Activities	17.9	17.1	<b>17.1</b>	-0.8	0.0
Chemical Manufacturing	26.3	25.4	<b>25.4</b>	-0.9	0.0
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	29.0	28.2	<b>28.6</b>	-0.4	0.4
Plastics Product Manufacturing	15.2	15.1	<b>15.2</b>	0.0	0.1
Rubber Product Manufacturing	13.8	13.1	<b>13.4</b>	-0.4	0.3
Service-Providing	2,230.3	2,234.3	<b>2,258.7</b>	28.4	24.4
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	602.2	602.3	<b>608.2</b>	6.0	5.9
Wholesale Trade	131.4	133.0	<b>133.8</b>	2.4	0.8
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	68.0	69.4	<b>69.6</b>	1.6	0.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	46.9	46.7	<b>47.1</b>	0.2	0.4
Wholesale Electronic Markets	16.5	16.9	<b>17.1</b>	0.6	0.2
Retail Trade	324.7	323.0	<b>327.3</b>	2.6	4.3
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	43.1	43.0	<b>43.4</b>	0.3	0.4
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	10.5	10.1	<b>10.3</b>	-0.2	0.2
Building Material, Garden Equipment, &	28.2	28.7	<b>29.9</b>	1.7	1.2
Food & Beverage Stores	45.6	45.6	<b>46.3</b>	0.7	0.7
Health & Personal Care Stores	22.5	22.9	<b>23.0</b>	0.5	0.1
Gasoline Stations	24.3	24.1	<b>24.3</b>	0.0	0.2
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	29.0	27.9	<b>28.0</b>	-1.0	0.1
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.0	12.2	<b>12.1</b>	0.1	-0.1
General Merchandise Stores	72.0	70.5	<b>72.0</b>	0.0	1.5
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	17.4	17.0	<b>17.0</b>	-0.4	0.0
Nonstore Retailers	11.4	11.8	<b>11.7</b>	0.3	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	146.1	146.3	<b>147.1</b>	1.0	0.8
Utilities	3.5	3.4	<b>3.4</b>	-0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	142.6	142.9	<b>143.7</b>	1.1	0.8
Truck Transportation	63.8	64.5	<b>64.6</b>	0.8	0.1
Information	49.4	50.7	<b>50.8</b>	1.4	0.1
Publishing Industries (except internet)	14.5	14.5	<b>14.5</b>	0.0	0.0
Telecommunications	15.6	16.9	<b>16.9</b>	1.3	0.0
Financial Activities	143.5	143.7	<b>143.8</b>	0.3	0.1
Finance & Insurance	107.2	107.1	<b>106.9</b>	-0.3	-0.2
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	36.3	36.6	<b>36.9</b>	0.6	0.3
Professional & Business Services	314.9	314.7	<b>318.2</b>	3.3	3.5
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	107.8	108.7	<b>108.7</b>	0.9	0.0
Management of Companies & Enterprises	23.7	23.6	<b>23.7</b>	0.0	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	183.4	182.4	<b>185.8</b>	2.4	3.4
Educational & Health Services	336.5	341.9	<b>344.2</b>	7.7	2.3
Educational Services	45.4	46.3	<b>46.5</b>	1.1	0.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	291.1	295.6	<b>297.7</b>	6.6	2.1
Ambulatory Health Care Services	108.1	111.0	<b>111.7</b>	3.6	0.7
Hospitals	90.0	90.3	<b>90.9</b>	0.9	0.6
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	51.9	52.7	<b>53.0</b>	1.1	0.3
Social Assistance	41.1	41.6	<b>42.1</b>	1.0	0.5
Leisure & Hospitality	262.7	262.9	<b>271.3</b>	8.6	8.4
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	27.0	26.6	<b>28.5</b>	1.5	1.9
Accommodation & Food Services	235.7	236.3	<b>242.8</b>	7.1	6.5
Accommodation	33.5	32.8	<b>34.1</b>	0.6	1.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	202.2	203.5	<b>208.7</b>	6.5	5.2
Other Services	100.8	100.2	<b>101.5</b>	0.7	1.3
Repair & Maintenance	22.5	22.1	<b>22.6</b>	0.1	0.5
Personal & Laundry Services	24.6	24.6	<b>25.1</b>	0.5	0.5
Government	420.3	417.9	<b>420.7</b>	0.4	2.8
Federal Government	48.5	48.3	<b>48.4</b>	-0.1	0.1
State Government	98.7	97.7	<b>98.7</b>	0.0	1.0
State Government Educational Services	50.9	50.8	<b>51.0</b>	0.1	0.2
Local Government	273.1	271.9	<b>273.6</b>	0.5	1.7
Local Government Educational Services	143.1	142.4	<b>143.5</b>	0.4	1.1

## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

### AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Industry	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007
Manufacturing	\$549.58	\$542.34	\$539.00
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$536.69	\$531.57	\$530.79
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$610.19	\$629.95	\$632.72
Machinery Manufacturing	\$520.52	\$596.30	\$589.55
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$574.90	\$558.98	\$555.80
Food Manufacturing	\$451.61	\$438.38	\$419.34

### AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

Industry	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007
Manufacturing	39.2	39.3	39.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	38.5	39.0	39.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	39.7	40.8	40.9
Machinery Manufacturing	38.7	44.5	43.8
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	40.6	39.7	39.7
Food Manufacturing	36.1	36.2	34.8

### AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

Industry	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007
Manufacturing	\$14.02	\$13.80	\$13.75
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.94	\$13.63	\$13.61
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$15.37	\$15.44	\$15.47
Machinery Manufacturing	\$13.45	\$13.40	\$13.46
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$14.16	\$14.08	\$14.00
Food Manufacturing	\$12.51	\$12.11	\$12.05

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for March 2007 was 4.7 percent, down 0.2 percent from the February 2007 rate. This is the 32nd consecutive month that the current rate is greater than the national average.

The United States' unemployment rate was 4.4 percent in March 2007. In March 2006, the national unemployment rate was 4.7 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 5.2 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate decreased in 85 counties, increased in seven counties, and remained the same in three counties. The lowest rate occurred in Williamson County at 3.2 percent, down 0.2 percent from the previous month. The highest rate was Pickett County's 10.3 percent, down from 12 percent in February 2007.

(Continued on Page 6)



# CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

March 2006					February 2007				March 2007			
Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate		Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
<b>Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	150,689,000	143,680,000	7,009,000	4.7	152,784,000	145,919,000	6,865,000	4.5	152,979,000	146,254,000	6,724,000	4.4
TENNESSEE	2,972,900	2,818,300	154,600	5.2	3,035,100	2,885,300	149,800	4.9	3,052,200	2,907,700	144,500	4.7
<b>Not Seasonally Adjusted</b>												
U.S.	150,027,000	142,772,000	7,255,000	4.8	151,879,000	144,479,000	7,400,000	4.9	152,236,000	145,323,000	6,913,000	4.5
TENNESSEE	2,950,000	2,785,800	164,200	5.6	3,004,600	2,845,400	159,200	5.3	3,029,100	2,878,400	150,800	5.0
<b>Metropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Chattanooga	254,780	243,050	11,720	4.6	261,490	250,380	11,110	4.3	262,710	252,150	10,560	4.0
Clarksville	105,610	99,610	6,000	5.7	108,900	102,500	6,400	5.9	109,490	103,870	5,620	5.1
Cleveland	54,350	51,260	3,090	5.7	55,370	52,560	2,810	5.1	55,970	53,250	2,720	4.9
Jackson	54,270	51,240	3,030	5.6	55,800	52,600	3,190	5.7	56,370	53,320	3,050	5.4
Johnson City	95,860	90,810	5,050	5.3	97,470	92,710	4,760	4.9	98,380	93,760	4,620	4.7
Kingsport-Bristol	143,280	136,240	7,040	4.9	144,730	137,750	6,980	4.8	146,030	139,500	6,530	4.5
Knoxville	342,050	326,740	15,310	4.5	349,070	334,480	14,590	4.2	352,090	338,540	13,550	3.8
Memphis	600,530	565,290	35,240	5.9	611,200	576,660	34,550	5.7	615,360	581,910	33,450	5.4
Morristown	64,200	60,170	4,040	6.3	65,270	61,340	3,930	6.0	65,560	61,900	3,660	5.6
Nashville	758,140	724,310	33,840	4.5	772,820	739,250	33,570	4.3	780,060	748,520	31,550	4.0
<b>Micropolitan Statistical Areas</b>												
Athens	24,750	23,300	1,450	5.9	25,070	23,610	1,460	5.8	25,140	23,760	1,380	5.5
Brownsville	9,580	8,920	660	6.9	9,980	9,290	690	6.9	10,060	9,440	620	6.2
Columbia	36,020	33,810	2,220	6.1	36,430	34,450	1,980	5.4	36,540	34,670	1,870	5.1
Cookeville	49,630	46,650	2,990	6.0	50,380	47,290	3,090	6.1	50,770	48,000	2,770	5.5
Crossville	22,760	21,220	1,540	6.8	23,060	21,250	1,820	7.9	23,180	21,690	1,490	6.4
Dyersburg	17,600	16,460	1,130	6.4	17,390	16,410	980	5.6	17,550	16,580	970	5.5
Greeneville	32,790	29,740	3,050	9.3	32,970	30,280	2,690	8.1	32,990	30,440	2,560	7.7
Harriman	26,180	24,660	1,520	5.8	26,790	25,360	1,430	5.3	26,910	25,570	1,340	5.0
Humboldt	20,870	19,100	1,770	8.5	21,280	19,610	1,670	7.8	21,430	19,800	1,620	7.6
LaFollette	16,540	15,440	1,100	6.7	16,640	15,500	1,140	6.8	16,720	15,710	1,010	6.1
Lawrenceburg	16,860	14,620	2,240	13.3	16,800	15,310	1,500	8.9	16,850	15,420	1,420	8.5
Lewisburg	12,580	11,660	920	7.3	12,830	12,050	780	6.1	12,880	12,180	700	5.5
Martin	15,510	14,580	930	6.0	16,210	15,240	970	6.0	16,290	15,410	880	5.4
McMinnville	18,500	16,580	1,910	10.3	18,080	16,720	1,360	7.5	18,190	16,840	1,340	7.4
Newport	16,000	14,580	1,420	8.9	16,450	14,960	1,490	9.0	16,580	15,250	1,320	8.0
Paris	13,990	12,840	1,150	8.2	14,250	13,160	1,090	7.6	14,280	13,290	1,000	7.0
Sevierville	45,280	41,820	3,460	7.6	45,880	41,780	4,090	8.9	47,280	43,810	3,470	7.3
Shelbyville	21,780	20,670	1,110	5.1	22,560	21,520	1,040	4.6	22,650	21,680	970	4.3
Tullahoma	48,970	46,160	2,810	5.7	49,140	46,390	2,750	5.6	49,360	46,830	2,530	5.1
Union City	18,210	17,080	1,130	6.2	18,870	17,700	1,170	6.2	19,420	18,290	1,120	5.8

(Continued from Page 5) Total nonfarm employment increased by 26,700 jobs from March 2006 to March 2007. During this period, there were increases in construction (up 8,200 jobs); accommodation/food services (up 7,100 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,500 jobs in food services/drinking places; health care/social assistance (up 6,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 3,600 jobs in ambulatory health care services; professional/business services (up 3,300 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,400 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; retail trade (up 2,600 jobs), which includes an

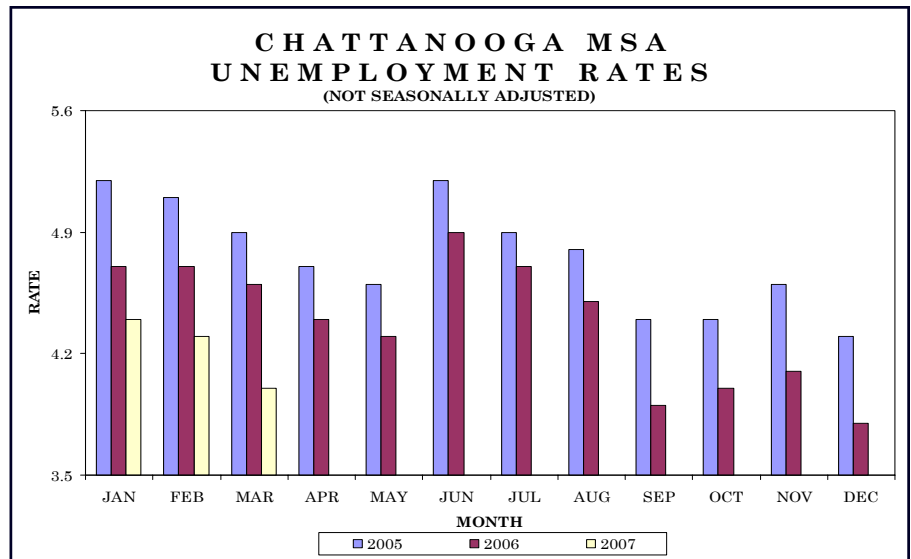
increase of 1,700 jobs in building material/garden equipment/supplies; wholesale trade (up 2,400 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,600 jobs in durable goods merchant wholesalers; arts/entertainment/recreation (up 1,500 jobs); and information (up 1,400 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,300 jobs in telecommunications. This was partially offset by manufacturing declines of 1,700 jobs in textile mills/products/apparel; 1,500 jobs in furniture/related product; 1,400 jobs in motor vehicle parts; and 1,300 jobs in machinery.

During March, nonfarm employment increased by 30,400 jobs. There were seasonal increases in accommodation/food services (up 6,500 jobs), which includes an increase of 5,200 jobs in food services/drinking places; construction (up 4,600 jobs); retail trade (up 4,300 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,500 in general merchandise stores; administrative/support/waste management (up 3,400 jobs); health care/social assistance (up 2,100 jobs); arts/entertainment/recreation (up 1,900 jobs); and local government (up 1,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,100 jobs in local government educational services.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables includes all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data is based on the 2005 benchmark.

Total nonfarm employment increased by 600 jobs from February to March. There were seasonal increases in leisure/hospitality (up 500 jobs), which includes an increase of 400 jobs in accommodation/food services; and professional/business services (up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 4,400 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 200, and service-providing jobs increased by 4,200.



## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

## CHATTANOOGA MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007
Manufacturing	\$530.66	\$532.93	\$539.38	41.2	40.9	41.3	\$12.88	\$13.03	\$13.06
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$562.88	\$568.40	\$576.22	40.7	40.6	41.1	\$13.83	\$14.00	\$14.02
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$500.45	\$494.40	\$500.08	41.6	41.2	41.5	\$12.03	\$12.00	\$12.05

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

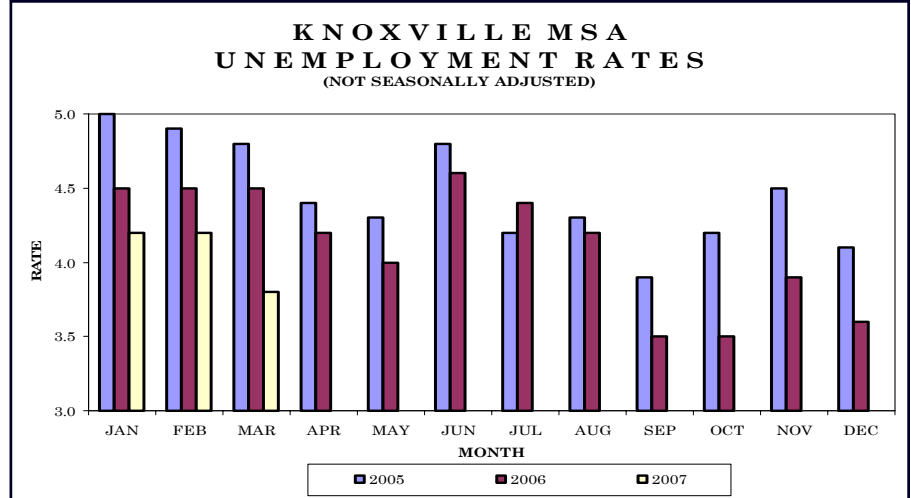
Industry	March 2006	Revised February 2007	Preliminary March 2007	Net Change	
				Mar. 2006 Mar. 2007	Feb. 2007 Mar. 2007
Total Nonfarm	243.0	246.8	247.4	4.4	0.6
Total Private	208.3	211.5	212.1	3.8	0.6
Goods-Producing	46.5	47.0	46.7	0.2	-0.3
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	11.3	11.5	11.4	0.1	-0.1
Manufacturing	35.2	35.5	35.3	0.1	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	16.4	16.6	16.5	0.1	-0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	18.8	18.9	18.8	0.0	-0.1
Textile Mills	4.3	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing	196.5	199.8	200.7	4.2	0.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	55.5	56.4	56.4	0.9	0.0
Wholesale Trade	8.8	8.8	8.8	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	26.3	26.9	26.9	0.6	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	6.5	6.8	6.8	0.3	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	20.4	20.7	20.7	0.3	0.0
Information	2.9	3.7	3.7	0.8	0.0
Financial Activities	18.9	18.8	18.9	0.0	0.1
Professional & Business Services	26.1	27.6	27.8	1.7	0.2
Educational & Health Services	25.6	25.6	25.7	0.1	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	22.0	21.6	22.1	0.1	0.5
Accommodation & Food Services	19.8	19.7	20.1	0.3	0.4
Other Services	10.8	10.8	10.8	0.0	0.0
Government	34.7	35.3	35.3	0.6	0.0
Federal Government	6.3	6.3	6.4	0.1	0.1
State Government	6.1	6.2	6.2	0.1	0.0
Local Government	22.3	22.8	22.7	0.4	-0.1



# Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment increased by 2,400 jobs from February to March. There were seasonal increases in administrative/support/waste management (up 700 jobs); leisure/hospitality (up 600 jobs), which includes an increase of 400 jobs in accommodation/food services; natural resources/mining/construction (up 500 jobs); retail trade (up 400 jobs), which includes an increase of 200 jobs in general merchandise stores; and education/health services and durable goods manufacturing (both up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 5,300 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,100, while service-providing jobs increased by 4,200.



## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

## KNOXVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
	2006	2007	2007	2006	2007	2007	2006	2007	2007
Manufacturing	\$607.22	\$638.39	\$631.47	39.1	39.8	39.1	\$15.53	\$16.04	\$16.15
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$662.02	\$698.09	\$689.72	39.5	39.8	39.1	\$16.76	\$17.54	\$17.64
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$479.03	\$504.66	\$504.90	38.2	39.8	39.2	\$12.54	\$12.68	\$12.88

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2006	Revised February 2007	Preliminary March 2007	Net Change	
				Mar. 2006 Mar. 2007	Feb. 2007 Mar. 2007
Total Nonfarm	329.9	332.8	335.2	5.3	2.4
Total Private	277.3	279.8	282.1	4.8	2.3
Goods-Producing	56.2	56.6	57.3	1.1	0.7
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	17.5	18.3	18.8	1.3	0.5
Manufacturing	38.7	38.3	38.5	-0.2	0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	29.1	28.5	28.7	-0.4	0.2
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	8.7	8.6	8.6	-0.1	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	9.1	8.5	8.6	-0.5	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	9.6	9.8	9.8	0.2	0.0
Service-Providing	273.7	276.2	277.9	4.2	1.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	70.2	71.6	71.9	1.7	0.3
Wholesale Trade	15.7	15.8	15.8	0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	43.4	44.4	44.8	1.4	0.4
Food & Beverage Stores	6.1	6.5	6.5	0.4	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	8.7	8.8	9.0	0.3	0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	11.1	11.4	11.3	0.2	-0.1
Information	6.1	6.0	5.9	-0.2	-0.1
Financial Activities	17.3	17.5	17.4	0.1	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	39.3	38.9	39.5	0.2	0.6
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	19.4	18.9	19.6	0.2	0.7
Educational & Health Services	40.3	40.5	40.7	0.4	0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	34.1	34.8	35.4	1.3	0.6
Accommodation & Food Services	31.0	31.5	31.9	0.9	0.4
Food Services & Drinking Places	28.3	28.8	29.1	0.8	0.3
Other Services	13.8	13.9	14.0	0.2	0.1
Government	52.6	53.0	53.1	0.5	0.1
Federal Government	5.1	5.0	5.0	-0.1	0.0
State Government	19.7	20.0	20.0	0.3	0.0
Local Government	27.8	28.0	28.1	0.3	0.1

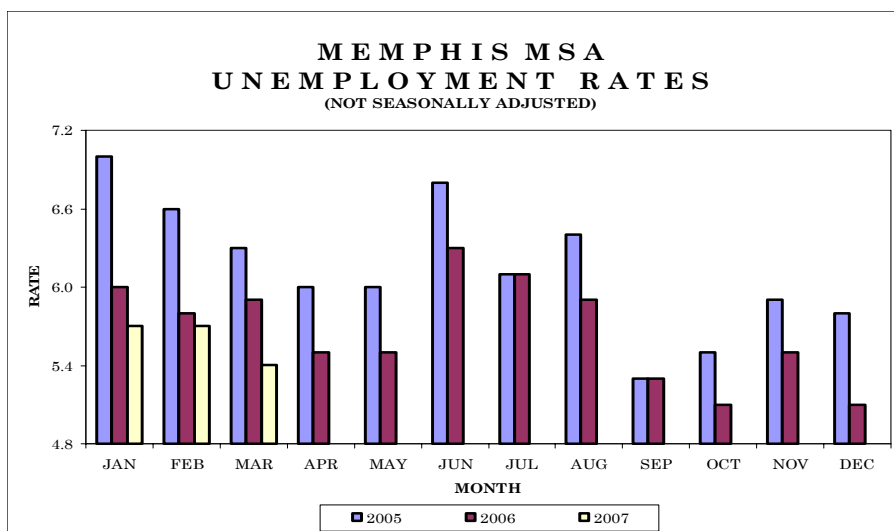




# Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton. AR - Crittenden. MS - DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment increased by 2,800 jobs from February to March. There were seasonal increases in leisure/hospitality (up 1,500 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,200 jobs in accommodation/food services; natural resources/mining/construction (up 600 jobs); educational/health services (up 600 jobs), which includes an increase of 500 jobs in health care/social assistance; retail trade (up 500 jobs); and other services (up 200 jobs).

This was partially offset by decreases in local government (down 300 jobs) and professional/business services (down 200 jobs).



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS									
MEMPHIS MSA									
Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.
	2006	2007	2007	2006	2007	2007	2006	2007	2007
Manufacturing	\$590.56	\$651.20	\$657.04	40.7	43.5	43.0	\$14.51	\$14.97	\$15.28
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$508.28	\$512.44	\$547.03	38.8	38.5	39.9	\$13.10	\$13.31	\$13.71
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$673.51	\$785.36	\$761.76	42.6	48.3	46.0	\$15.81	\$16.26	\$16.56

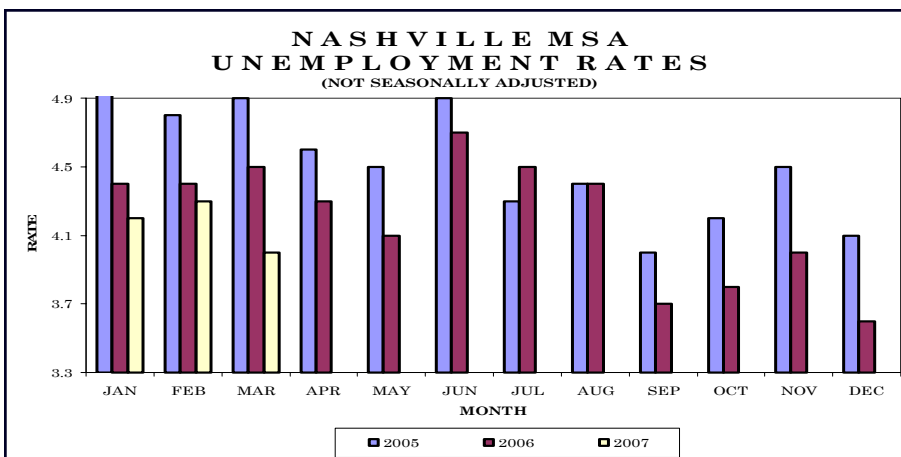
## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary March 2007	Net Change	
	March	February		Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007
	2006	2007		Mar. 2007	Mar. 2007
Total Nonfarm	632.3	638.0	640.8	8.5	2.8
Total Private	542.9	548.5	551.6	8.7	3.1
Goods-Producing	81.3	80.9	81.5	0.2	0.6
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	26.7	26.8	27.4	0.7	0.6
Manufacturing	54.6	54.1	54.1	-0.5	0.0
Durable Goods Manufacturing	27.0	26.9	27.0	0.0	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	27.6	27.2	27.1	-0.5	-0.1
Service-Providing	551.0	557.1	559.3	8.3	2.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	173.0	174.5	174.9	1.9	0.4
Wholesale Trade	37.5	37.8	37.7	0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	71.8	72.6	73.1	1.3	0.5
Food & Beverage Stores	9.7	9.5	9.5	-0.2	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	14.2	13.9	13.9	-0.3	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	63.7	64.1	64.1	0.4	0.0
Truck Transportation	15.4	15.7	15.8	0.4	0.1
Warehousing & Storage	8.1	8.1	8.0	-0.1	-0.1
Information	7.3	7.4	7.4	0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	32.9	32.8	32.8	-0.1	0.0
Professional & Business Services	79.3	81.1	80.9	1.6	-0.2
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	20.1	20.0	19.9	-0.2	-0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	4.9	4.7	4.7	-0.2	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	54.3	56.4	56.3	2.0	-0.1
Educational & Health Services	75.4	77.0	77.6	2.2	0.6
Health Care & Social Assistance	65.0	65.8	66.3	1.3	0.5
Hospitals	24.9	24.8	24.9	0.0	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	69.3	70.3	71.8	2.5	1.5
Accommodation & Food Services	62.2	63.3	64.5	2.3	1.2
Food Services & Drinking Places	43.6	44.4	45.3	1.7	0.9
Other Services	24.4	24.5	24.7	0.3	0.2
Government	89.4	89.5	89.2	-0.2	-0.3
Federal Government	14.6	14.6	14.6	0.0	0.0
State Government	16.2	16.5	16.5	0.3	0.0
Local Government	58.6	58.4	58.1	-0.5	-0.3



## Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 7,000 jobs from February to March. There were seasonal increases in leisure/hospitality (up 2,000 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,600 jobs in accommodation/food services; retail trade (up 1,000 jobs), which includes an increase of 200 jobs in general merchandise stores; professional/business services (up 900 jobs), which includes an increase of 600 jobs in administrative/support/waste management and 300 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services; educational/health services (up 700 jobs), which includes 500 jobs in health care/social assistance; natural resources/mining/construction and other services (both up 700 jobs); transportation/warehousing/utilities (up 500 jobs); and financial activities and local government (both up 300 jobs).



### HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

### NASHVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007	Mar. 2006	Feb. 2007	Mar. 2007
Manufacturing	\$576.82	\$591.60	\$591.19	39.4	40.0	40.8	\$14.64	\$14.79	\$14.49
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$608.19	\$608.72	\$614.25	40.6	40.5	41.9	\$14.98	\$15.03	\$14.66
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$512.08	\$556.66	\$546.06	37.0	38.9	38.7	\$13.84	\$14.31	\$14.11

### ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	March 2006	Revised February 2007	Preliminary March 2007	Net Change	
				Mar. 2006 Mar. 2007	Feb. 2007 Mar. 2007
Total Nonfarm	746.9	750.5	757.5	10.6	7.0
Total Private	646.7	649.0	655.7	9.0	6.7
Goods-Producing	122.4	123.1	123.6	1.2	0.5
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	38.3	40.0	40.7	2.4	0.7
Manufacturing	84.1	83.1	82.9	-1.2	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	57.6	57.1	56.9	-0.7	-0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.4	4.2	4.3	-0.1	0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	7.4	7.6	7.6	0.2	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	19.8	19.3	19.4	-0.4	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	26.5	26.0	26.0	-0.5	0.0
Service-Providing	624.5	627.4	633.9	9.4	6.5
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	152.9	153.3	154.8	1.9	1.5
Wholesale Trade	36.5	37.1	37.1	0.6	0.0
Retail Trade	85.3	85.0	86.0	0.7	1.0
Food & Beverage Stores	11.6	12.2	12.3	0.7	0.1
General Merchandise Stores	17.5	17.5	17.7	0.2	0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	31.1	31.2	31.7	0.6	0.5
Information	19.7	19.8	19.9	0.2	0.1
Financial Activities	45.5	45.5	45.8	0.3	0.3
Finance & Insurance	34.7	34.8	35.0	0.3	0.2
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	10.8	10.7	10.8	0.0	0.1
Professional & Business Services	96.3	97.0	97.9	1.6	0.9
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	36.3	37.7	38.0	1.7	0.3
Management of Companies & Enterprises	7.3	7.5	7.5	0.2	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	52.7	51.8	52.4	-0.3	0.6
Educational & Health Services	103.5	104.8	105.5	2.0	0.7
Educational Services	22.6	23.0	23.2	0.6	0.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	80.9	81.8	82.3	1.4	0.5
Hospitals	27.5	27.6	27.7	0.2	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	75.8	74.7	76.7	0.9	2.0
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	9.2	9.0	9.4	0.2	0.4
Accommodation & Food Services	66.6	65.7	67.3	0.7	1.6
Accommodation	12.1	12.0	12.3	0.2	0.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	54.5	53.7	55.0	0.5	1.3
Other Services	30.6	30.8	31.5	0.9	0.7
Government	100.2	101.5	101.8	1.6	0.3
Federal Government	11.4	11.6	11.6	0.2	0.0
State Government	29.8	30.6	30.6	0.8	0.0
Local Government	59.0	59.3	59.6	0.6	0.3

## Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	February 2007	March 2007	February 2007	March 2007	February 2007	March 2007
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	84,000	84,800	42,200	42,600	62,100	62,500
Total Private	65,900	66,500	36,900	37,200	50,100	50,500
Goods-Producing	17,200	17,100	11,300	11,300	14,400	14,300
Service-Providing	66,800	67,700	30,900	31,300	47,700	48,200
Private Service-Providing	48,700	49,400	25,600	25,900	35,700	36,200
Natural Resources/Construction	3,000	3,100	1,800	1,800	3,500	3,500
Manufacturing	14,200	14,000	9,500	9,500	10,900	10,800
Durable Goods	9,300	9,200	5,200	5,200	7,100	7,100
Nondurable Goods	4,900	4,800	4,300	4,300	3,800	3,700
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	16,000	16,300	7,600	7,700	12,900	13,000
Wholesale Trade	1,900	1,900	1,800	1,800	2,800	2,900
Retail Trade	11,400	11,700	4,600	4,700	7,600	7,600
General Merchandise Stores	3,500	3,600	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	2,700	2,700	1,200	1,200	2,500	2,500
Information	1,200	1,300	300	300	700	700
Financial Activities	2,700	2,700	1,700	1,700	1,800	1,900
Professional/Business Services	8,100	8,200	4,000	4,100	4,600	4,700
Educational/Health Services	9,400	9,400	5,700	5,700	8,300	8,400
Leisure/Hospitality	8,300	8,500	3,800	3,900	5,200	5,300
Other Services	3,000	3,000	2,500	2,500	2,200	2,200
Government	18,100	18,300	5,300	5,400	12,000	12,000
Federal Government	5,400	5,500	300	300	500	500
State Government	3,400	3,500	600	700	1,900	1,900
Local Government	9,300	9,300	4,400	4,400	9,600	9,600

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	February 2007	March 2007	February 2007	March 2007	February 2007	March 2007
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	81,000	81,400	121,900	123,400	51,500	51,800
Total Private	64,300	64,700	105,600	107,000	44,400	44,800
Goods-Producing	13,900	13,800	32,600	32,800	17,600	17,600
Service-Providing	67,100	67,600	89,300	90,600	33,900	34,200
Private Service-Providing	50,400	50,900	73,000	74,200	26,800	27,200
Natural Resources/Construction	3,300	3,500	7,800	8,000	2,100	2,100
Manufacturing	10,600	10,300	24,800	24,800	15,500	15,500
Durable Goods	NA	NA	11,600	11,600	10,300	10,300
Nondurable Goods	NA	NA	13,200	13,200	NA	NA
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	13,900	14,000	24,900	25,200	10,300	10,400
Wholesale Trade	3,000	3,000	5,400	5,400	2,100	2,100
Retail Trade	9,600	9,700	14,900	15,200	5,400	5,500
General Merchandise Stores	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	1,300	1,300	4,600	4,600	2,800	2,800
Information	2,300	2,300	2,500	2,500	700	700
Financial Activities	4,900	4,900	4,200	4,200	2,000	2,000
Professional/Business Services	7,400	7,400	8,500	8,700	3,600	3,600
Educational/Health Services	11,300	11,500	16,800	17,000	5,300	5,400
Leisure/Hospitality	8,000	8,200	11,800	12,300	3,200	3,400
Other Services	2,600	2,600	4,300	4,300	1,700	1,700
Government	16,700	16,700	16,300	16,400	7,100	7,000
Federal Government	2,300	2,300	1,200	1,200	300	400
State Government	6,400	6,400	2,300	2,300	1,500	1,300
Local Government	8,000	8,000	12,800	12,900	5,300	5,300

**Clarksville MSA** is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

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## U.S. Consumer Price Index March 2007

Group	Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly
<b>U.S. City Average</b>			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	205.4	2.8	0.9
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	200.6	2.7	1.0
<b>South</b>			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	197.9	2.6	1.0
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	194.7	2.5	1.1

## TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Seasonally Adjusted)

